

such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

**SA 3761.** Mr. TILLIS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

**SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO CONGRESSIONAL OVERSIGHT OF THE FEDERAL STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM.**

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution, and make adjustments to the pay-as-you-go ledger, for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to congressional oversight of Federal student loans, which may include requiring an Act of Congress before any Federal agency can take action to provide any form of student loan debt forgiveness, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

**SA 3762.** Mrs. HYDE-SMITH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

**SEC. 3004. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF NATIONAL SECURITY CUTTERS.**

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution, and make adjustments to the pay-as-you-go ledger, for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to the construction of National Security Cutters, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

**SA 3763.** Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title IV, add the following:

**SEC. 4017. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST PROVIDING FUNDING FOR ASSISTANCE IN TRADE AND INVESTMENT THROUGH PROSPER AFRICA TO COUNTRIES THAT ARE INELIGIBLE FOR TRADE PREFERENCES UNDER THE AFRICAN GROWTH AND OPPORTUNITY ACT (AGOA).**

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, amendment between the Houses, or conference report that would provide funding for assistance in trade and investment through Prosper Africa to countries that are ineligible for trade preferences under the African Growth and Opportunity Act (AGOA).

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

**SA 3764.** Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title IV, add the following:

**SEC. 4017. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST PROVIDING CERTAIN FUNDING FOR IMPROVED TRADE AND INVESTMENT WITH ZIMBABWE.**

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, amendment between the Houses, or conference report that would provide funding for, assistance to, or support for improved trade and investment with Zimbabwe unless such funding is conditioned upon a stronger United States bilateral relationship with Zimbabwe, including in the areas of trade and investment, set forth in the Zimbabwe Democracy and Economic Recovery Act.

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

**SA 3765.** Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title IV, add the following:

**SEC. 4017. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST PROVIDING CERTAIN DEBT RELIEF TO SUDAN.**

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, amendment between the Houses, or conference report that would provide funding for debt relief for Sudan at Highly Indebted Poor Country (HIPC) Completion Point unless such funding is conditioned upon Sudan having entered the second phase of the Transi-

tional Period with the establishment of a civilian chair of the Sovereignty Council and the establishment of a Transitional Legislative Council as outlined in Sudan's Constitutional Charter.

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

**SA 3766.** Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

**SEC. 3004. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO OVERSIGHT TO DISTRIBUTION OF \$700,000,000 IN ECONOMIC SUPPORT FUNDS MADE AVAILABLE FOR SUDAN IN THE CONSOLIDATED APPROPRIATIONS ACT OF 2021.**

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution, and make adjustments to the pay-as-you-go ledger, for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to \$700,000,000 in Economic Support Funds made available to Sudan in the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021, which may require that the Inspector General review the distribution of such funds, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

**SA 3767.** Ms. WARREN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 14, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

**SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO REPLACING BRIDGES OWNED BY THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS THAT SERVE AS EVACUATION ROUTES.**

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution, and make adjustments to the pay-as-you-go ledger, for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to replacing bridges owned by the Corps of Engineers that serve as evacuation routes by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2026 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.